From the Webisode:
Math Meets
Fashion



featuring Tim Gunn and Diane von Fürstenberg

TEACHER

PAGE 1 OF 2

LESSON

4

Percent Markups

In this lesson, students solve a multi-step problem by identifying percent markups of a whole and calculating a final sale price.

CCSS CONNECTIONS

- Find the percent of a quantity as a rate per 100, and solve problems. **6.RP.A.3c**
- Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio and percent problems. 7.RP.A.3
- Understand a problem context by rewriting expressions in different forms. 7.EE.A.2

LANGUAGE SUPPORT

MATH TERMS

percent part per 100

identity property multiplying a number by 1 generates a product of 1

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE

sale price

price of clothes sold by stores to customers

wholesale price price of clothes sold by designers to stores

SET UP

Introduce Chapter 5 from Math Meets Fashion.

Ask questions to review Lesson 3 and connect to Lesson 4.

For example: How did we use proportional reasoning to calculate how much fabric Jessalyn could buy? (We used proportional reasoning by identifying the unit price per $\frac{1}{4}$ yd; by using a ratio; or with mental math.)

How do you think designers choose a price to sell their clothing? (They add up the costs of paying their employees and buying materials, and include a profit.)

Review the definitions of *wholesale price* and *sale price* with students, and point out the difference between the two terms.

Play Chapter 5: Percent Markups.



[Pause at 01:26.]

PLAN

Create a plan to solve the problem.

Jessalyn spends \$50 to make a dress. She wants to make a 60% profit on the wholesale price. The store will add a 50% markup to the wholesale price. Find the wholesale price and the final sale price of Jessalyn's dress.

Read the problem aloud to students.

Ask students to analyze the information in the problem, and use logical thinking to break it down into parts.

For example: What is the problem asking us to find? (the wholesale price and the final sale price of Jessalyn's dress)

How can you begin solving the problem?

(Calculate the wholesale price: find 60% of \$50, and then add the markup.)

Guide students to represent the unknown quantity with a variable, where $c = \cos t$ of the dress. (c + 0.6c = 1.6c)

Register at hmhco.com/mathatwork

From the Webisode: Math Meets **Fashion**



featuring Tim Gunn and Diane von Fürstenberg

> TEACHER PAGE 2 OF 2

LESSON

Percent Markups, continued

STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICAL **PRACTICE**

Model With Mathematics

Students represent changing quantities, and apply proportional reasoning to create a solution.

Use Repeated Reasoning

Students reason using the generalized structure of price markups as a percentage of a whole.

SOLVE

Have student pairs solve the problem as you circulate.

Encourage students to come up with multiple strategies, and represent the problem situation in different ways. Guide students to work backwards to check their work.

SUPPORT

Ask questions based on common errors to support student understanding.

- Why do you need to find the wholesale price before you can find the sale price?
- How could you draw a model of the problem?
- Could you use a different solution strategy?
- How can you check your work?

EXTEND

Ask questions to encourage students to extend their thinking.

- Did you represent the two percentages as fractions or decimals? Why?
- Why is it important to identify the percentage of two different wholes?
- What common error do you think someone could make when solving this problem?

SHARE

Have students present their solutions.

Ask students from each pair to explain their solutions to the class. Show at least two different approaches to solving the problem, and one incorrect solution. To extend classroom discussion, call on students to explain the reasoning of the student who is presenting.

Possible student work:

Cost of dress (c) \rightarrow \$50 Wholesale price (w) \rightarrow 160% of \$50

W = 1.60 $= 1.6 \times 50 = \$50 + \$30

= \$80

Final sale price \rightarrow 150% of \$80

 $= 1.5 \times 80

= \$80 + \$40

= \$120

HOMEWORK IDEAS

Have students plan a pricing strategy!

Students choose an item and plan a wholesale and a sale price.

- How much does the item cost to make?
- What is your profit as a percentage?
- What is the store profit from the sale price?

Play the Chapter 5 Solution from Math Meets Fashion.

Have students complete the Practice and Reflect sections on Student Page 2.

Register at hmhco.com/mathatwork

Your Name

STUDENT

4

Percent Markups

PAGE 1 OF 2

MATH TERMS

percent part per 100

identity property multiplying a number by 1 generates a Jessalyn spends \$50 to make a dress. She wants to make a 60% profit on the wholesale price. The store will add a 50% markup to the wholesale price. Find the wholesale price and the final sale price of Jessalyn's dress.

generates a product of 1						
PLAN	Cr	eate a plan to solve t	the problem with	your partner.		
COLVE						

SOLVE

Use your plan to solve the problem.

Your Name

STUDENT

LESSON 4

Percent Markups, continued

PAGE 2 OF 2

PRACTICE

Apply your skills to solve another problem.

Jessalyn spends \$75 to make a winter coat. She makes a 40% profit on the wholesale price. The store adds a 35% markup to the wholesale price to create the sale price. Find the difference between the final sale price and the cost of making the coat.

REFLECT	Explain how	you made sense	of the math

How could you use variables to represent the quantities in the problem?

I could use variables to represent the quantities by

How would you explain the problem to a younger student?

I would explain the problem by _____

SCORE (0)(1)(2)(3)

Register at hmhco.com/mathatwork

Your Name

STUDENT

4

Percent Markups

PAGE 1 OF 2

MATH TERMS

percent part per 100

identity property multiplying a number by 1 generates a Jessalyn spends \$50 to make a dress. She wants to make a 60% profit on the wholesale price. The store will add a 50% markup to the wholesale price. Find the wholesale price and the final sale price of Jessalyn's dress.

generates a product of 1						
PLAN	Cr	eate a plan to solve t	the problem with	your partner.		
COLVE						

SOLVE

Use your plan to solve the problem.

Your Name

STUDENT

LESSON 4

Percent Markups, continued

PAGE 2 OF 2

PRACTICE

Apply your skills to solve another problem.

Jessalyn spends \$75 to make a winter coat. She makes a 40% profit on the wholesale price. The store adds a 35% markup to the wholesale price to create the sale price. Find the difference between the final sale price and the cost of making the coat.

REFLECT	Explain how	you made sense	of the math

How could you use variables to represent the quantities in the problem?

I could use variables to represent the quantities by

How would you explain the problem to a younger student?

I would explain the problem by _____

SCORE (0)(1)(2)(3)